Chem. 540

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FORMALISM PROBLEM 11

Use the definition of the hermitian adjoint and the integral form of the bra-ket to show that

(a)
$$\langle \Psi_1 | \hat{A} \Psi_2 \rangle = \langle \Psi_1 | \hat{A} | \Psi_2 \rangle$$
 and

(b)
$$\langle \hat{A}\Psi_1 | \Psi_2 \rangle = \langle \Psi_1 | \hat{A}^{\dagger}\Psi_2 \rangle = \langle \Psi_1 | \hat{A}^{\dagger} | \Psi_2 \rangle$$
, or equivalently $\langle \Psi_1 | \hat{A} | \Psi_2 \rangle = \langle \hat{A}^{\dagger}\Psi_1 | \Psi_2 \rangle$.

These relations provide very useful rules for manipulating matrix elements of an operator, moving it into or out of the bra or ket.