

$$\dot{\vec{R}} = \frac{m_1}{M} \dot{\vec{r}}_1 + \frac{m_2}{M} \dot{\vec{r}}_2, \quad \dot{\vec{r}} = \dot{\vec{r}}_2 - \dot{\vec{r}}_1, \quad |\dot{\vec{r}}|^2 = |\dot{\vec{r}}_2|^2 + |\dot{\vec{r}}_1|^2 - 2\dot{\vec{r}}_1 \cdot \dot{\vec{r}}_2$$

$$|\dot{\vec{R}}|^2 = \left(\frac{m_1}{M} \dot{\vec{r}}_1 + \frac{m_2}{M} \dot{\vec{r}}_2 \right) \cdot \left(\frac{m_1}{M} \dot{\vec{r}}_1 + \frac{m_2}{M} \dot{\vec{r}}_2 \right) = \left(\frac{m_1}{M} \right)^2 |\dot{\vec{r}}_1|^2 + \left(\frac{m_2}{M} \right)^2 |\dot{\vec{r}}_2|^2 + \frac{2m_1 m_2}{M^2} \dot{\vec{r}}_1 \cdot \dot{\vec{r}}_2$$

$$\frac{1}{2} M |\dot{\vec{R}}|^2 + \frac{1}{2} \mu |\dot{\vec{r}}|^2 = \frac{1}{2M} \cdot (m_1^2 |\dot{\vec{r}}_1|^2 + m_2^2 |\dot{\vec{r}}_2|^2 + 2m_1 m_2 \dot{\vec{r}}_1 \cdot \dot{\vec{r}}_2) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_1 m_2}{M} (|\dot{\vec{r}}_2|^2 + |\dot{\vec{r}}_1|^2 - 2\dot{\vec{r}}_1 \cdot \dot{\vec{r}}_2)$$

$$= \frac{m_1}{2M} (m_1 + m_2) |\dot{\vec{r}}_1|^2 + \frac{m_2}{2M} (m_1 + m_2) |\dot{\vec{r}}_2|^2 = \frac{1}{2} m_1 |\dot{\vec{r}}_1|^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 |\dot{\vec{r}}_2|^2$$

$$\text{So } H = \frac{1}{2} m_1 \dot{\vec{r}}_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 \dot{\vec{r}}_2^2 + V(|\vec{r}_2 - \vec{r}_1|) = \frac{1}{2} M |\dot{\vec{R}}|^2 + \frac{1}{2} \mu |\dot{\vec{r}}|^2 + V(r).$$

$$H_{\text{int}} = \frac{|\vec{p}|^2}{2\mu} + V(r), \quad \vec{p} = \mu \dot{\vec{r}}.$$

↑ translation
 ↑ internal motion
H_{int}

$$\text{If } m_1 = 1.67262 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg (proton), } m_2 = 9.10938 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg (electron),}$$

$$\mu = 9.10442 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$$